M2. (a) <u>Pentan-2-one</u> ONLY but ignore absence of hyphens

(b) <u>Functional group</u> (isomerism) Both words needed

CH(OH)CH 3

H Award credit provided it is obvious that the candidate is drawing the Z / <u>cis isomer</u> The group needs to be CHOHCH₃ but do not penalise poor C–C bonds or absence of brackets around OH Trigonal planar structure not essential

(ii) Restricted <u>rotation</u> (about the C=C)

OR

No (free) rotation (about the C=C)

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1-1	
(a)	

(c)

 $H_30$ 

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(i)

M1 Tollens' (reagent)	M1 Fehling's (solution) / Benedict's
(Credit ammoniacal silver nitrate OR a description of making Tollens')	(Penalise Cu² (aq) or CuSO₄ but mark M2 and M3)
(Do not credit Ag⁺, AgNO₃ or [Ag(NH₃)₂⁺] or ''the silver mirror test''	

[1]

on their own, but mark M2 and M3)	
M2 silver mirror	M2 Red solid/precipitate
OR <u>black solid or black precipitate</u>	(Credit <u>orange</u> or <u>brown solid</u> )
M3 (stays) colourless	M3 (stays) blue
OR	OR
no (observed) change / no reaction	no (observed) change / no reaction

If **M1** is blank CE = 0, for the clip

Check the partial reagents listed and if M1 has a <u>totally</u> <u>incorrect</u> reagent, CE = 0 for the clip Allow the following alternatives

**M1** (acidified) potassium dichromate(VI) (solution); mark on from incomplete formulae or incorrect oxidation state

M2 (turns) green

M3 (stays) orange / no (observed) change / no reaction OR

M1 (acidified) potassium manganate(VII) (solution);

mark on from incomplete formulae or incorrect oxidation state

M2 (turns) colourless

**M3** (stays) purple / no (observed) change / no reaction In all cases for **M3** 

Ignore "nothing (happens)"

Ignore "no observation"

# (e) (i) **Spectrum is for Isomer 1**

or named or correctly identified

The explanation marks in (e)(ii) depend on correctly identifying Isomer 1.

The identification should be unambiguous but candidates should not be penalised for an imperfect or incomplete name. They may say "the alcohol" or the "alkene" or the "E isomer"

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## (ii) If Isomer 1 is correctly identified, award <u>any two</u> from

(Strong / broad) absorption / peak in the range

 <u>3230 to 3550</u> cm<sup>-1</sup> or specified value <u>in this range</u> or <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum <u>and</u> (characteristic absorption / peak for) <u>OH</u> group /<u>alcohol</u> group

- No absorption / peak in range <u>1680 to 1750</u> cm<sup>-1</sup> or absence <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum
   <u>and</u>
   (No absorption / peak for a) <u>C=O</u> group / <u>carbonyl group / carbon-oxygen double bond</u>
- Absorption / peak in the range <u>1620 to 1680</u> cm<sup>-1</sup> or specified value <u>in this range or marked correctly</u> on spectrum <u>and</u>

(characteristic absorption / peak for) <u>C=C</u> group / <u>alkene</u> / <u>carbon-carbon double bond</u> If 6(e)(i) is incorrect or blank, CE=0 Allow the words "dip" OR "spike" OR "trough" OR "low transmittance" as alternatives for absorption. Ignore reference to other absorptions e.g. C-H, C-O

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M3. (a) Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> OR Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub> Ignore name Could be ionic

(b) NaF or sodium fluoride

OR

NaCl or sodium chloride

Either formula or name can score Do not penalise the spelling "fluoride"

- When both formula and name are written,
- penalise contradictions
- *if the attempt at the correct formula is incorrect, ignore it and credit correct name for the mark unless contradictory*

• *if the attempt at the correct name is incorrect, ignore it and credit correct formula for the mark unless contradictory* 

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### (c) NaCIO OR NaOCI

Ignore name (even when incorrect) The correct formula must be clearly identified if an equation is written

## (d) $\mathbf{Br}_{2}$ (ONLY)

Only the correct formula scores; penalise lower case "b", penalise upper case "R", penalise superscript Ignore name The correct formula must be clearly identified if an equation is written

### (e) M1 S OR $S_8$ OR $S_2$

#### **M2** $I_2$ (ONLY)

Ignore names penalise lower case "i" for iodine, penalise superscripted numbers Mark independently The correct formula must be clearly identified in each case if an equation is written

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# (f) (i) $CH_3CH_2CH=CH_2$

Structure of but-1-ene. Ignore name Credit "sticks" for C-H bonds

# (ii) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH Structure of butan-1-ol. Ignore name Credit "sticks" for C-H bonds

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(iii) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

Structure of propane. Ignore name Ignore calculations and molecular formula Credit "sticks" for C-H bonds Ignore the molecular ion

(iv)  $CH_3CH_2Br OR C_2H_5B_r$ 

Structure of bromoethane. Ignore name and structure of nitrile Credit "sticks" for C-H bonds

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M4.C

**M5.**(a) Position(al) (isomerism)



M1 must show an arrow from the double bond towards the H atom of the H–Br molecule

M1 Ignore partial negative charge on the double bond.

M2 must show the breaking of the H–Br bond.

M2 Penalise partial charges on H–Br bond if wrong way and penalise formal charges

M3 is for the structure of the secondary carbocation.

Penalise M3 if there is a bond drawn to the positive charge

- **M4** must show an arrow from the lone pair of electrons on the negatively charged bromide ion towards the positively charged carbon atom of either a primary
- or secondary carbocation.

Penalise once only in any part of the mechanism for a line and two dots to show a bond

<u>Maximum any 3 of 4 marks</u> for wrong reactant or primary carbocation. If Br₂ is used, <u>maximum 2 marks</u> for their mechanism

Do not penalise the use of "sticks"

## NB The arrows here are double-headed



4

Penalise one mark from <u>their</u> total if half-headed arrows are used

M1 must show an arrow from the lone pair on oxygen of a negatively charged hydroxide ion to a correct H atom

Penalise M1 if covalent KOH

**M2** must show an arrow from a C–H bond adjacent to the C–Br bond towards the appropriate C–C bond. Only award if an arrow is shown attacking the H atom of an adjacent C–H (in M1)

M3 is independent provided it is from their original molecule.

Penalise M3 for formal charge on C of the C–Br or incorrect partial charges on C–Br Penalise M3 if an extra arrow is drawn from the Br of the C–Br bond to, for example, K<sup>•</sup> Ignore other partial charges Penalise once only in any part of the mechanism for a line and two dots to show a bond. <u>Maximum any 2 of 3 marks</u> for wrong reactant or wrong product(if shown) or a mechanism that leads to but-1-ene Accept the correct use of "sticks" for the molecule except for the C–H being attacked

Award full marks for an E1 mechanism in which M2 is on the correct carbocation.

NB The arrows here are double-headed

[8]

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$$HO: M2$$

$$HO: HCH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3}$$

$$HO: HCH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3}$$

$$HO: HCH_{2}CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{3}$$

*M6.* (*a*)

Penalise one mark from <u>their</u> total if half-headed arrows are used Penalise **M3** for formal charge on C of the C-Br or incorrect partial charges on C-Br Ignore other partial charges

*M1* must show an arrow from the lone pair on oxygen of a negatively charged hydroxide ion <u>to the correct</u> H atom

Penalise once only in any part of the mechanism for a line and two dots to show a bond.

**M2** must show an arrow from the correct C–H bond to the correct C–C bond. Only award if an arrow is shown <u>attacking</u> the H atom of the correct C–H bond in **M1** 

M3 is independent but CE=0 if nucleophilic substitution

N.B these are double-headed arrows

3



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Award 1 mark if both correct stereoisomers but in the wrong places

Accept no other alkenes.

Be reasonably lenient on the bonds to ethyl (or to  $CH_2CH_3$ ) since the question is about E and Z positions but penalise once only if connection is clearly to the  $CH_3$  of  $CH_2CH_3$ Accept linear structures

- (iii) **M1** (Compounds / molecules with) the <u>same structural formula</u> Penalise **M1** if "same structure"
  - *M2* with <u>atoms/bonds/groups</u> arranged <u>differently in space</u> Ignore references to "same molecular formula" or "same empirical formula" or any reference to "displayed formula"

OR

<u>atoms/bonds/groups</u> that have <u>different spatial arrangements / different</u> <u>orientation</u>.

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Mark independently

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(b)

**M1**must show an arrow from the double bond towards the H atom of the H – O bond OR HO on a compound with molecular formula for  $H_2SO_4$ 

M1 could be to an H+ ion and M2 an independent O – H bond break on a compound with molecular formula for  $H_2SO_4$ 

M1 Ignore partial negative charge on the double bond.

M2 must show the breaking of the O – H bond.

**M2** Penalise partial charges on O – H bond if wrong way and penalise formal charges In M2 do not penalise incorrect structures for H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

M3 is for the structure of the carbocation.

**M4** must show an arrow from the lone pair of electrons on the correct oxygen of the negatively charged ion towards a correct (positively charged) carbon atom.

## M4 NOT HSO4

For **M4**, credit <u>as shown</u> or <u>-OSO<sub>3</sub>H</u> ONLY with the negative

charge anywhere on this ion OR <u>correctly</u> drawn out with the negative charge placed correctly on oxygen Penalise once only in any part of the mechanism for a line and two dots to show a bond

## NB The arrows here are double-headed

<u>Max 3 of any 4 marks</u> for wrong organic reactant or wrong organic product (if shown) Accept the correct use of "sticks"

[11]

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*M7.*(a) (i) Structure of (Z)-but-2-enenitrile with or without either or both of the CH<sub>3</sub> and the CN groups displayed



Do <u>not</u> penalise C−H<sub>3</sub>C Ignore bond angles.

(ii) Restricted <u>rotation</u> / no (free) <u>rotation</u> about the double bond / about the C=C OR does not <u>rotate</u> (about the double bond)
 Must use the word <u>rotate / rotation.</u>

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(b) Repeating unit of polyalkene



All the bonds relevant to the unit must be drawn out including those on either side of the unit. There is no need to expand either the  $CH_3$  or the CN

Penalise C–NC Penalise "sticks". Ignore brackets. Penalise "n"

# (c) Feature 1

Absorption / peak in the range <u>2220 to 2260</u> cm<sup>-1</sup> or specified value <u>in this</u> <u>range</u> or <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum

<u>and</u>

(characteristic absorption / peak for) <u>C=N</u> / <u>CN</u> group / nitrile / cyanide group

Allow the words "dip" **OR** "spike" **OR** "trough" **OR** "low transmittance" as alternatives for absorption.

Allow a peak at 2200 cm<sup>-1</sup> to 2220 cm<sup>-1</sup> in this case.

# Feature 2

Absorption / peak in the range <u>**1620 to 1680**</u> cm<sup>-1</sup> or specified value <u>in this</u> <u>range</u> or <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum

## <u>and</u>

(characteristic absorption / peak for) <u>C=C</u> group / <u>alkene</u> / <u>carbon-carbon</u> <u>double bond</u>

> Ignore reference to other absorptions eg C-H Either order.

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